

Data General Corporation, Westboro, Massachusetts 01580

Customer Documentation

Installing and Operating the Cartridge Tape Drive: Models 6675, 6676, 6677, and 6756

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> Installing and Operating the Cartridge Tape Drive: Models 6675, 6676, 6677, and 6756 014-001953-02

Revision History:

Original Release – March 1990 First Revision – August 1990 Second Revision – May 1992

This manual is an extensive revision of the original manual. Therefore, we have not used change indicators.

NOTE

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

WARNING

Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for complicance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Testing was done with shielded cables. Therefore, in order to comply with the FCC regulations, you must use shielded cables with your installation.

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe B prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

Dieses Gerät ist funkentstört nach VDE 0871 Grenzwertklasse B und entspricht den technischen Vorschriften der DBP-Verfügung 1046/1984.

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About This Document

This document explains how to install and operate the Models 6675, 6676, 6677, and 6756 cartridge tape drives. Before you begin, find the setting up, expanding, or maintaining manual for the computer in which you will install the drive. If you are installing the drive in a mass-storage subsystem, you need the computer manual and also a copy of the mass-storage subsystem's installation and maintaining manual. During the installation procedure, you must refer to the drive-jumpering rules and drive-mounting instructions contained in one or both of these manuals.

Occasionally, you may need to refer to the operating instructions for the Model 6675, 6676, 6677, and 6756 cartridge tape drive. We suggest that you place this drive manual in the back of the binder that contains the manual for your computer.

Telephone Assistance

If you are unable to solve a problem using any manual you received with your system, free telephone assistance is available with your hardware warranty and with most Data General software service options. If you are within the United States or Canada, contact the Data General Customer Support Center (CSC) by calling 1-800-DG-HELPS. Lines are open from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., your time, Monday through Friday. The center will put you in touch with a member of Data General's telephone assistance staff who can answer your questions.

For telephone assistance outside the United States or Canada, ask your Data General sales representative for the appropriate telephone number.

Avoiding Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Damage

The cover(s) and filler panel(s) installed on your equipment protect the electronic circuits inside the equipment from electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage. However, when you remove these covers and filler panels to replace or install subassemblies, you can inadvertently damage the sensitive electronic circuits in the equipment by simply touching them. Electrostatic charge that has accumulated on your body discharges through the circuits. If the air in the work area is very dry, running a humidifier in the work area will help decrease the risk of ESD damage. You must follow the procedures below to prevent damage to the equipment.

CAUTION: Read and understand the following instructions before you remove the cover(s) or panel(s) from the equipment.

• Provide enough room to work on the equipment. Clear the work site of any unnecessary materials or materials that naturally build up electrostatic charge, such as foam packaging, foam cups, cellophane wrappers, and similar materials.

- Do not remove replacement or upgrade subassemblies from their antistatic packaging until the exact moment that you are ready to install them.
- Gather the tools, manuals, an ESD kit, and all other materials you will need before you remove covers and panels from the equipment. Procedures for removing subassemblies usually list required materials at the beginning. After you remove a cover or panel, you should avoid moving away from the work site; otherwise, you may build up an electrostatic charge.
- Use an ESD kit when handling circuit boards or when touching the electronic circuits inside the equipment. If you don't have an ESD kit, you can order one from Data General. If an emergency arises and an ESD kit is not available, follow the procedures in the "Emergency Procedures (without an ESD kit)" section.
- Replace the cover(s) or panel(s) on the equipment as soon as possible so that the electronic circuits are protected.
- If the equipment has an opening for an optional device (such as a mass-storage drive), and the device is not installed, make sure a filler panel is installed in the opening before connecting the equipment to the ac power outlet.

Emergency Procedures (without an ESD kit)

In an *emergency* when an ESD kit is not available, use the following procedures to reduce the possibility of an electrostatic discharge by ensuring that your body and the subassembly are at the same electrostatic potential.

CAUTION: These procedures are not a substitute for the use of an ESD kit. Follow them only in the event of an emergency.

- Before touching any electronic circuits or boards inside the equipment, firmly touch a bare (unpainted) surface of the equipment.
- Before removing any replacement or upgrade subassembly from its antistatic bag, place one hand firmly on an unpainted surface of the chassis, and at the same time, pick up the replacement or upgrade subassembly while it is still sealed in the antistatic bag. Once you have done this, *do not* move around the room or contact other furnishings, personnel, or surfaces until you have installed and *secured* the subassembly in the equipment.
- Remove the subassembly from the antistatic bag, handling printed-circuit boards by the edges. Avoid touching components and circuits on a printed-circuit board.
- If you must move around the room or touch other surfaces before securing the subassembly in the equipment, first place the subassembly back in the antistatic bag. When you are ready again to install the subassembly repeat these procedures.
- Order an ESD kit from Data General for the next time you need to add or remove a cover or panel.

Installing the Drive

This section explains how to install the Models 6675, 6676, 6677, and 6756 half-height 1/4-inch cartridge tape drives in a Data General computer or mass-storage subsystem that uses the small computer system interface (SCSI). Table 1 highlights the specifications for the cartridge tape drive and removable tape cartridge. Refer to the information in this table as needed.

Cartridge Tape Drive								
Interface		SCSI-1						
\pm 12 V dc	(±5%)	.50 A (maximum)						
+ 5 V dc (±12%)	.90 A (maximum)						
Power Dissipation								
\pm 12 V dc		15.0 W						
+ 5 V dc		3.1 W						
Weight		1.36 kg (3 lbs)						
Removable Tape Cartridge								
Format ¹	Capacity	Tape Speed						
$QIC-24^2$	60 Mbytes	90 ips						
QIC-120	125 Mbytes	90 ips						
QIC-150	150 Mbytes	90 ips						
QIC-320	320 Mbytes	120 ips						
QIC-525	525 Mbytes	120 ips						
 The actual format imposed on a blank tape depends on which size cartridge tape you use. When you write to QIC-24 or QIC-150 tapes, a QIC-150 format is imposed. When you write to QIC-320 or QIC-525 tapes, a QIC-525 format is imposed. If you want to use a QIC-320 tape to transfer data from this stand-alone cartridge tape drive to a 150-Mbyte tape drive, you must first write to the QIC-320 tape from the 150-Mbyte tape drive to impose the correct format. Read only. NOTE: The environmental specifications for the cartridge tape drive meet or exceed those of the Data General computer or mass-storage subsystem in which you install this cartridge tape drive. Refer to your Data General computer or mass-storage subsystem installation manual for the computer or mass-storage subsystem installation manual 								

Table 1 Specifications for the Cartridge Tape Drive and Removable Tape Cartridges

Prerequisites

Make sure that the system in which you will install the drive meets the following hardware and software requirements.

For AViiON Computer Systems

- DG/UX[™] operating system, revision 4.30 or higher
- Data General preformatted, certified tape cartridges or other hardware (low-level) preformatted brands whose reliability, certification, and quality equal Data General's. For the specifications of the tape cartridges, refer to Table 1.
 - NOTE: AViiON systems can boot only from media formatted with a fixed length record size of 512 bytes. Data General preformatted tape cartridges are formatted with a fixed record size of 512 bytes. AViiON systems will not boot from QIC-320 or QIC-525 media written to in either 1024 bytes (1 Kbyte) block size or in variable block size media.

For ECLIPSE Computer Systems

• AOS/VS operating system, revision 7.67 or higher

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AOS/VS II operating system, revision 2.0 or higher

- Revision 19 of the Peripheral Microcode Installer (PMI), which includes diagnostic firmware revision 076–0667–0008
- Data General preformatted, certified tape cartridges or other hardware (low-level) preformatted brands whose reliability, certification, and quality equal Data General's. For the specifications of the tape cartridges, refer to Table 1.

Once you determine that your system meets these requirements, go to the next section to unpack and inspect your drive and cables, and when included, SCSI host adapter PCB. If you have any questions about these requirements or restrictions, contact Data General as described in the section "About This Document."

Unpacking and Inspecting the Drive

Follow the next steps to make sure your drive arrived undamaged and without missing parts.

1. Read the "Avoiding Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Damage" section in the front of this document.

CAUTION: You can cause electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage to electronic equipment by improper handling.

2. Remove and set aside the packing slip from the outside of the shipping carton.

CAUTION: Handle your drive gently; do not drop or jar it. Make sure you have a firm grip on it before you lift it, and lift it with both hands.

3. Open the cartons one by one and remove the drive. As you do, carefully inspect the drive or mass storage subsystem for any visible damage. If the drive or mass storage subsystem is damaged, contact Data General as described in the "Telephone Assistance" section in the front of this document.

- CAUTION: Handle your drive or mass storage subsystem gently; do not drop or jar it. Make sure you have a firm grip on it before you lift it, and lift it with both hands.
- 4. Make sure that the model and part numbers on the packing slip match those on your drive and cables. If you think you received the wrong drive or cables, contact Data General as described in the "Telephone Assistance" section in the front of this document.
- 5. Make sure that you have all necessary mounting brackets for the computer or mass-storage subsystem in which you intend to install the drive. Refer to the expanding or maintaining manual that came with your computer or mass-storage subsystem. It contains information that you will need to install the drive.

The drive has several features that you may need to select using jumpers. The next section explains how to install or remove these jumpers.

Installing or Removing the Cartridge Tape Drive's Jumpers

This section explains how to select the SCSI ID number and other drive features by installing or removing jumpers. Figure 1 shows the location and name of the five jumpers on the cartridge tape drive. You may need to install or remove some of these jumpers. Read the next sections to find out.



Jum Name	per Positior	De	scripti	on						
TPWR	Off On	Dis Ena	Disable TPWR. Host supplys terminator power. Enable TPWR. Drive supplys terminator power.							
Parity	Off On	Dis Ena	Disable parity checking Enable parity checking.							
SCSI ID Numbers										
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6		
SEL0 SEL1 SEL2	↓	Off Off Off	On Off Off	Off On Off	On On Off	Off Off On	On Off On	Off On On		
Notation	Notation Indicates									
Factory default jumper positions. Always read your computer setup, installation, or maintenance manual. This manual will tell you what SCSI ID number you need to set and it may require you to change one or more of the other jumpers.										

Figure 1 Factory Default Jumper Settings for the Multicapacity 1/4–Inch Cartridge Tape Drive

Jumpers SEL0, SEL1, and SEL2

Jumpers SEL0, SEL1, and SEL2 in Figure 1 select the SCSI ID number for the drive. SCSI ID 6 (jumper SEL 0 is off; SEL1 and SEL2 are on) is the factory default setting. Each SCSI device connected to your computer must have a unique SCSI ID number.

Refer to the installation or setup manual for your computer. This manual lists the SCSI IDs for each category of drive that your computer supports (for example, disk, diskette, or tape) and also provides you with the general rules for choosing a SCSI ID number. Next, find the SCSI number in Figure 1 that you have chosen. Then, if necessary, install or remove jumpers to select that SCSI ID.

Termpower (TPWR) and Parity Checking Jumpers

Refer to your installation or setup manual for your computer. If this manual specifies a jumper setting different than the factory default setting shown in Figure 1, use needlenose pliers to install or remove the jumper accordingly. If there is no mention of the jumper's function in these manuals, leave the jumper in the factory default position.

Installing or Removing the Drive Terminator Resistors

Figure 2 shows the three removable SCSI-bus terminator resistor packs on the cartridge tape drive. You may need to remove these three terminator resistor packs.

Refer to the installation or setup manual for your AViiON or ECLIPSE computer system or mass-storage subsystem. In most cases, you must remove these three terminator resistor packs because AViiON and ECLIPSE computer systems and mass-storage subsystems use an external SCSI bus terminator plug. If you need to remove the resistor packs, use needlenose pliers, as shown in Figure 2. Save the terminator resistor packs for possible future use. For easy storage, tape the terminator resistor packs to the drive enclosure.



Figure 2 Installing or Removing a Terminator Resistor Pack from the Drive Board

Installing the Tape Drive and Connecting the Cables

After you set the drive's jumpers, install and cable the drive in your computer or mass-storage subsystem. You can position the drive vertically with the load/eject button at the top. If you mount the drive horizontally, always position the drive with the eject button in the upper right corner, never with the eject button in the lower left corner.

Figure 3 shows the four mounting-screw holes on the side and the bottom of the drive. The mounting holes you use (side or bottom) and the orientation of the drive (horizontal or vertical) depend on the computer or mass-storage subsystem in which you will install the drive. Read the installing, maintaining, or expanding manual for your computer or mass-storage subsystem. It shows you where to install a half-height drive, and how to orient and attach it. Carefully follow all procedures for installing a drive, and make sure you have turned off the computer or mass-storage subsystem and unplugged its power cord before removing any covers.



Figure 3 Mounting–Screw Holes for Attaching the Tape Drive Inside the Computer or Mass–Storage Subsystem

Once you have installed the drive, connect the power cable and SCSI bus cable to the connectors shown in Figure 4. Make sure that you plug the SCSI bus cable into the drive so that the red stripe on the cable lines up with Pin 1 on the connector. (Most cables are keyed so that you cannot install them improperly.) You will find the power cable and SCSI bus cable inside your computer or mass-storage subsystem.



Figure 4 Connecting the Cables

DG/UX Operating System Requirements

Once you have installed and cabled your cartridge tape drive and have closed the computer or mass-storage subsystem chassis, refer to your operating system manual. You will need to rebuild and reboot your DG/UX operating system.

Operating the Drive

This section describes how to write-protect and insert or remove a tape cartridge. It also provides information on resolving simple problems that may occur during operation.

Using and Write–Protecting a Cartridge Tape

The cartridge is available from Data General in four tape capacities: 60 Mbytes, 125 Mbytes, 150 Mbytes, and 320/525 Mbytes. Each cartridge tape comes in a protective plastic case. Keep the cartridge in the case when it is not in use.

When storing cartridges, make sure the storage area is clean, dry and away from direct sunlight, high humidity, and extreme temperatures— not below 5° C (41° F) and not above 45° C (113° F). Do not place or store cartridges near magnets or equipment that generate magnetic fields, such as telephones, power supplies, printers, or display monitors. Before using a cartridge tape that was moved from a warmer or colder location, for example a car, allow the cartridge to acclimate for approximately the same amount of time that it was exposed to the warmer or colder location. It is not necessary to acclimate the cartridge for more than 24 hours.

When handling cartridge tapes, never expose or touch the magnetic tape. Dirt or oil from your fingers can make data on the tape unreadable by the drive. Never drop, toss, or handle a cartridge carelessly. Operate a cartridge tape in the drive only within the following ambient temperature and relative humidity ranges:

Temperature $5^{\circ} C - 45^{\circ} C$

Relative Humidity 20%–80% (noncondensing) maximum

Do not read or write a cartridge tape when the ambient temperature is changing at the rate of 6° C (10.8° F) /hour.

Your cartridge tape has a write-protect indicator. When you rotate the indicator clockwise so that it points to the word SAFE (see Figure 5), the system can read data from the cartridge tape, but cannot write data or alter data on the cartridge tape.

When you rotate the write-protect indicator counterclockwise so that it points away from the word SAFE, the system can read, write and alter cartridge tape data.



Figure 5 Write-Protecting 1/4-inch Cartridge Tape

Loading a Cartridge Tape

- 1. Turn on the power to the computer system or mass-storage subsystem, as described in your computer or mass-storage subsystem installation or expanding manual.
- 2. Remove the tape from its plastic protective case.
- 3. Rotate the protect switch on the tape cartridge to the position you want. See Figure 5.
- 4. Press the eject button shown in Figure 6 to open the drive door.



Figure 6 Eject Button and Tape Busy LED

Cartridge tape drive,

5. Hold the cartridge tape with the metal plate oriented as shown in Figure 7. Gently push the cartridge tape into the drive opening; then push firmly all the way into the drive. Close the drive door.

vertically mounted 1/4-inch cartridge tape Metal plate 0 له الم 0 Cartridge tape drive, horizontally mounted 1/4-inch cartridge tape Metal plate

Figure 7 Inserting a Cartridge Tape into the Tape Drive

As you push the cartridge into the drive's cartridge-insertion slot, the drive pulls in the cartridge and automatically positions it. The green drive-busy LED shown in NO TAG lights to indicate that the drive is checking the format of the cartridge tape and is positioning the tape at the "Logical Beginning of Tape" position. This check takes about 10-12 seconds. If the drive and its LED do not behave in this manner, refer to the section "Solving Operating Problems."

NOTE: If the tape is blank, the drive automatically initializes (formats) the tape during the first write operation. This procedure takes about 30 additional seconds. When the drive finishes initializing the tape, the green LED goes out. If you eject the tape before it is initialized, the drive aborts this procedure, making it necessary to initialize the tape again from the beginning the next time the drive writes to this tape.

The green drive-busy LED lights when the drive reads or writes to the cartridge tape. Never eject the cartridge tape when the drive-busy indicator is lit. Once you have loaded the cartridge tape into the drive, refer to your operating system manual for the commands that allow you to read or write the cartridge tape.

Removing a Cartridge Tape

If you are using the AOS/VS or AOS/VS II operating system, follow the steps in the next section to remove the cartridge tape. If you are using the DG/UX operating system, follow the steps in the section "For DG/UX Operating System Users."

For AOS/VS or AOS/VS II Operating System Users

- 1. If you have initialized the cartridge tape in your drive using the CLI command INITIALIZE, release the logical disk using the CLI command RELEASE. The manual Using the CLI (AOS/VS and AOS/VS II) and the installing manual for your AOS/VS or AOS/VS II operating system describe these commands.
- 2. Press the cartridge eject button shown in Figure 6. When you do, the cartridge tape will eject part way out of the opening of the drive.
- 3. Grasp the cartridge at the center, and pull it out of the drive.
- 4. Store the cartridge tape in its protective plastic case when you are not using it.

For DG/UX Operating System Users

- 1. Press the cartridge eject button shown in Figure 6. When you do, the tape cartridge will slide part way out of the opening of the drive.
- 2. Grasp the cartridge at the center, and pull it out of the drive.
- 3. Store the cartridge tape in its protective packaging in a safe place.

Cleaning the Tape Drive Head

Dirt and dust can collect on the tape drive head and interfere with the transfer of information or even destroy it. You must clean the tape path and heads routinely after about 8 hours of operation or at least once a month, whichever occurs first. Also, clean the tape path and head if a tested-and-checked tape cartridge experiences slow read/write performance or read/write errors.

To clean the drive you must have the Data General Model 18933 Tape Cleaning Kit. The kit contains a special cleaning cartridge, cleaning fluid, 25 sponge pads for the cleaning cartridge, and a pair of tweezers. The following steps explain how to install a cleaning cartridge and clean the drive. The section "Removing a Cleaning Pad from the Cleaning Cartridge" describes how to remove the cleaning cartridge pad. 1. Power up the cartridge tape drive.

If there is a cleaning pad already installed in the cleaning cartridge ensure that a clean surface of the pad faces out from the cartridge. If the side facing out is dirty remove the pad following the steps in the section "Removing a Cleaning Pad from the Cleaning Cartridge."

- CAUTION: Each cleaning pad can be used only once on each side. The special cleaning tape picks up dirt and oxide particles as it cleans. Running a dirty pad through the tape path will not clean it effectively and may actually expose the rotary heads and path to more dirt and wear.
- 2. Release the tab on the tape cleaning cartridge rod from the slot in the tape cleaning cartridge as shown in NO TAG.



Figure 8 Releasing the Tab on the Tape Cleaning Cartridge Rod from the Slot in the Tape Cleaning Cartridge

3. Insert a pad with a clean surface facing away from the tape cleaning cartridge as shown in NO TAG.



Figure 9 Inserting the Pad to the Cleaning Cartridge and Applying Isopropyl Alcohol

- 4. Insert the tab on the tape cleaning cartridge rod into the slot in the tape cleaning cartridge as shown in NO TAG.
- 5. Moisten one side of the cleaning cartridge sponge pad with 12 drops of the isopropyl alcohol as shown in NO TAG.

NOTE: Use only 91% isopropyl alcohol. Do not use rubbing alcohol.

- 6. Insert the cleaning cartridge in the drive as described in the section "Loading a Cartridge Tape." The cartridge tape drive senses the presence of the special cleaning cartridge and begins the process of cleaning the tape path and rotary heads. The cleaning process takes about 20 seconds.
- 7. Remove the cleaning cartridge from the drive as described in the section "Removing a Cartridge Tape."
- 8. Record the present date. By referring to this recorded date you will know when the next monthly cleaning is required. A Data General cleaning cartridge provides about 40 uses. Always have a new cleaning cartridge on hand.
- 9. Store the cleaning cartridge in its protective case in a convenient place for future use. After you have used up the cleaning cartridge, discard it and replace it with a new one.

Removing a Cleaning Pad from the Cleaning Cartridge

1. Release the tab on the tape cleaning cartridge rod from the slot in the tape cleaning cartridge as shown in NO TAG.



Figure 10 Removing the Pad from the Cleaning Cartridge

- 2. Remove the pad from the rod as shown in NO TAG. If the pad is used on both sides, discard it.
- 3. Install a new pad as described in the section "Installing a Cleaning Pad in the Cleaning Cartridge."

Solving Operating Problems

This section provides suggestions for solving common problems that you may encounter. If you cannot resolve the problem yourself, contact Data General as described in the section "About This Document."

If the cartridge tape drive LED indicator blinks it does not indicate an operating problem. The cartridge tape drive LED indicator should briefly blink as the computer runs its self-test.

Cannot insert cartridge

- Make sure a tape cartridge is not already installed in the drive.
- You may have a tape drive failure. Contact Data General.

Cannot eject cartridge

- Make sure the computer or mass-storage subsystem's power is on.
- If you initialized the tape cartridge, make sure you have released the tape cartridge before attempting to eject the cartridge.
- You may have a tape drive failure. Contact Data General.

"Physical-unit failure" message

- You may have ejected the cartridge before releasing it. Reinsert the cartridge and refer to the AOS/VS or AOS/VS II operating system manual for the procedure to correct this condition.
- You may have a tape drive failure. Contact Data General.

"Hard write-protected" message

- You may have tried to write to a write-protected cartridge. Release or unmount the cartridge, eject the tape cartridge, change the write-protection switch, and reinsert the cartridge.
- You may have a tape drive failure. Contact Data General.

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